

WP2

Adaptability and Productivity Field Trials

Partner (7)
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Task 2.2 – Effect of different sowing dates and plant populations on biomass yields

Task 2.3 – Effect of irrigation and nitrogen fertilization on biomass yields

Scientific team:

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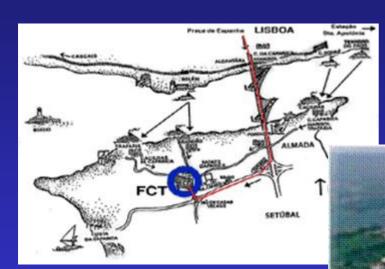
Enga Ana Catroga

Dra Gorete Serras

Dr Nuno Lobato

Experimental fields

Located in Monte de Caparica, in the Peninsula of Setúbal, near the University - near Lisbon, in the south border of river Tejo



Fields

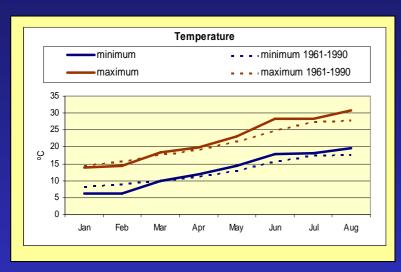
Latitude: 38° 40′ N Longitude: 9° W

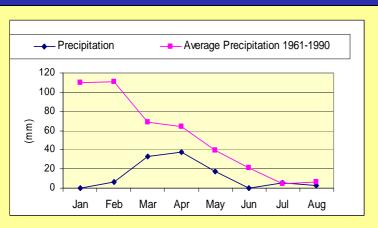
50 m

Altitude:

Urban area near the Atlantic coast and the estuarine zone

Climatic conditions at Monte de Caparica





During the first seven months of 2005



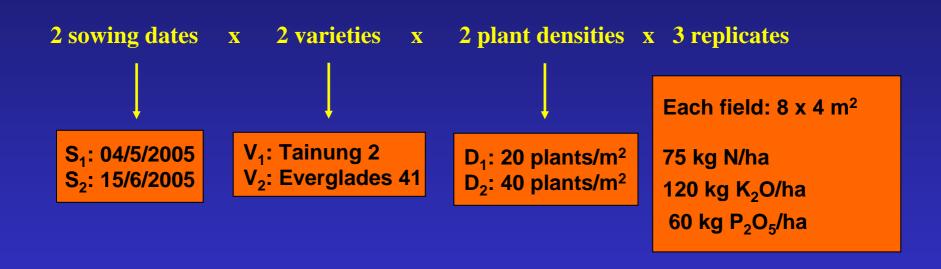
Temperatures, minimum and maximum, higher than normal values 1961-1990, March onwards. Lower then normal values in January and February



Precipitation, much lower than normal values 1961-1990. 2005 is being a very dry year.

Task 2.2

- Effect of different sowing dates and plant populations on biomass yields



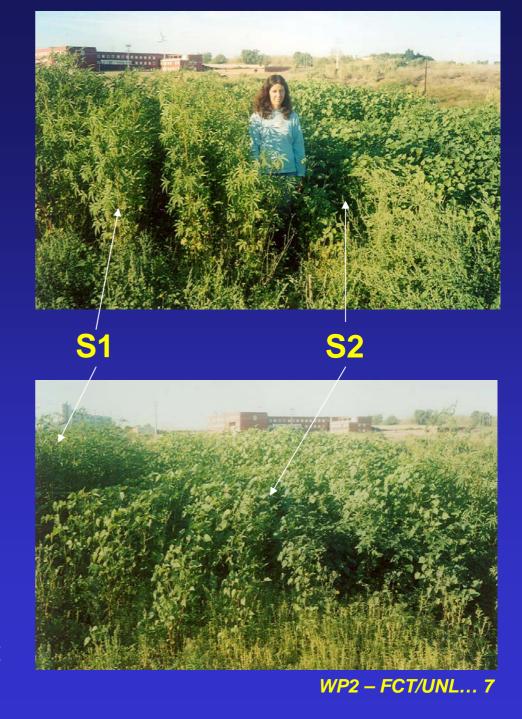
Growth stages

	Tainung 2				Everglades 41			
	\mathbf{D}_1		\mathbf{D}_2		\mathbf{D}_1		\mathbf{D}_2	
	S ₁	S ₂	S ₁	S ₂	S ₁	S_2	S ₁	S_2
Emergence 50%	6±1	6±1	9±4	7±2	7±2	7±2	9±5	6±1
Emergence 30 /0	Days after sowing							
Total emergence of seeds	Tainung 2 – 83±5 %; Everglades 41 – 86±6 % 4th May – 85±9 %; 15th June – 83±5 % 20 seeds/m2 – 88±5 %; 40 seeds/m2 – 80±6 %							
Half-bloom > 50%	S_1 – 07/10/2005, 156 ± 3 days after S_1 S_2 – 10/10/2005, 117 ± 5 days after S_2 , 160 ± 5 days after S_1							
Physiological maturity > 50%	It was not achieved yet (at 16 November, 196 days after S_1)							

Tainung 2 Everglades 41



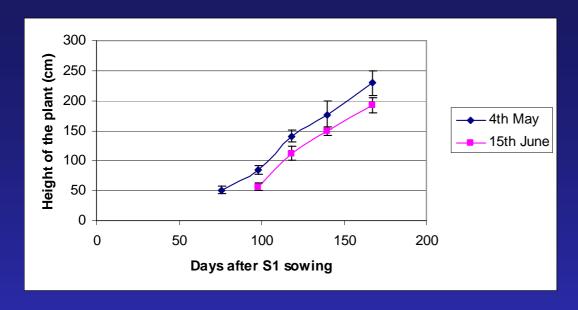
Plants with 107 days after S_1 sowing (19th August 2005)



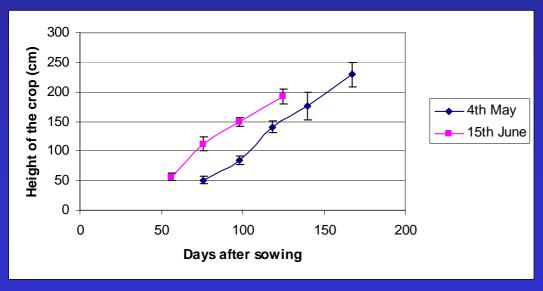


Plants with 107 days after S_1 sowing (19th August 2005)

Height of the crop

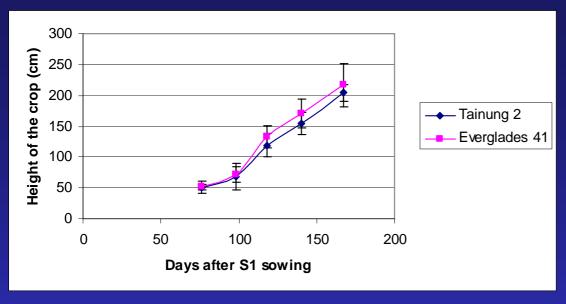


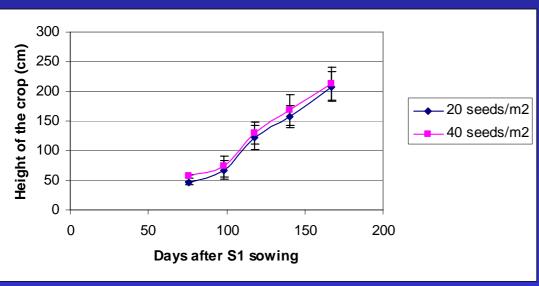
S1 >> S2 significantly



But when comparing both crops in days after sowing, the later sowing date crop show a crop that grows faster then s1 sowing date

Height of the crop



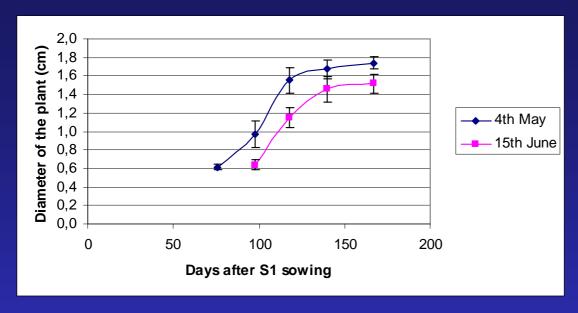


Everglades 41 > Tainung 2,

D2 > D1,

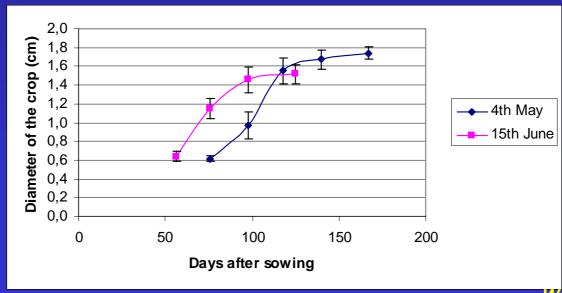
but differences are not significant

Diameter of the crop

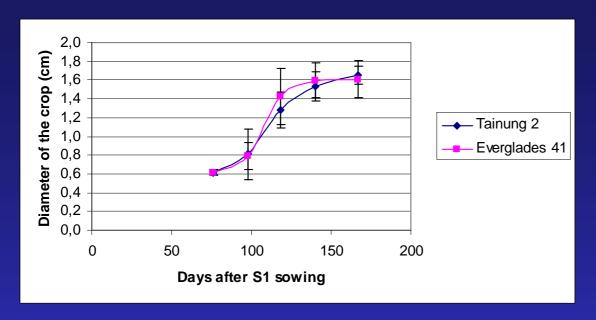


Same behaviour as for the height of the crop

S1>>>S2

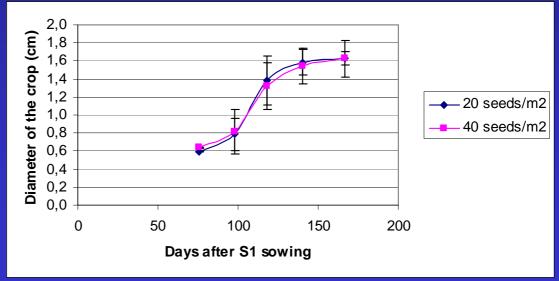


Diameter of the crop



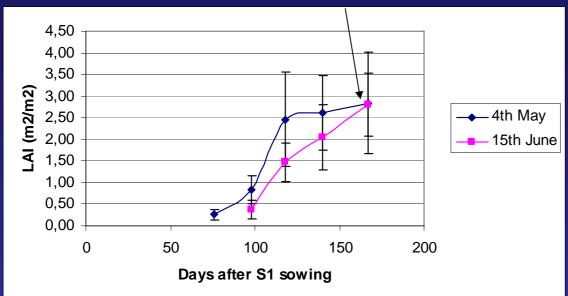
Tainung 2 = **Everglades 41**

D1 = D2



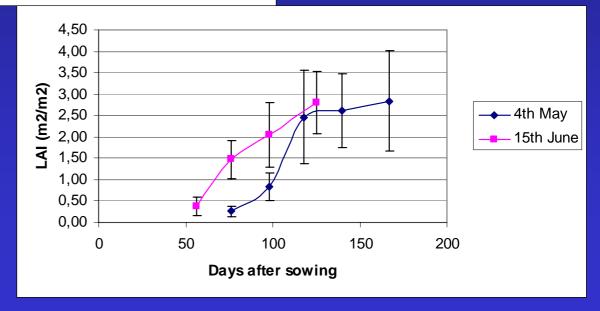
LAI

18th October

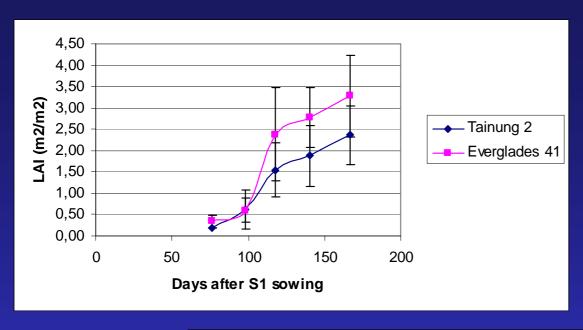


In the middle of October, no differences between S1 and S2

No significant differences between S1 and S2 after 120 days after sowing

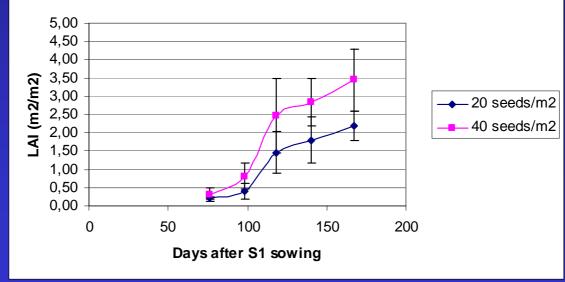


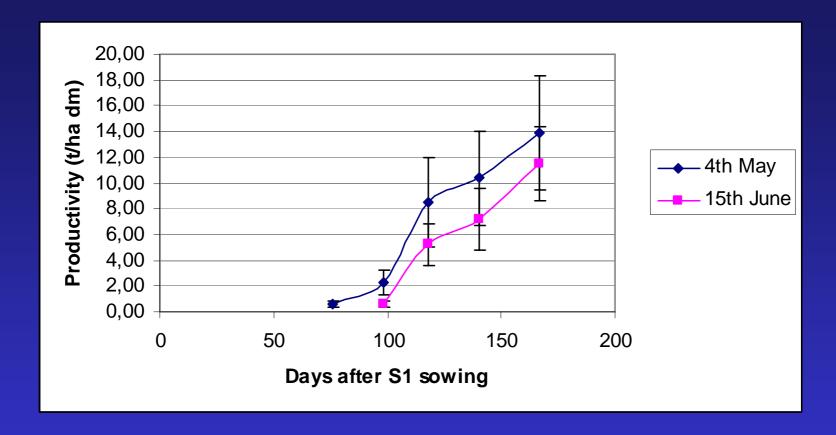
LAI



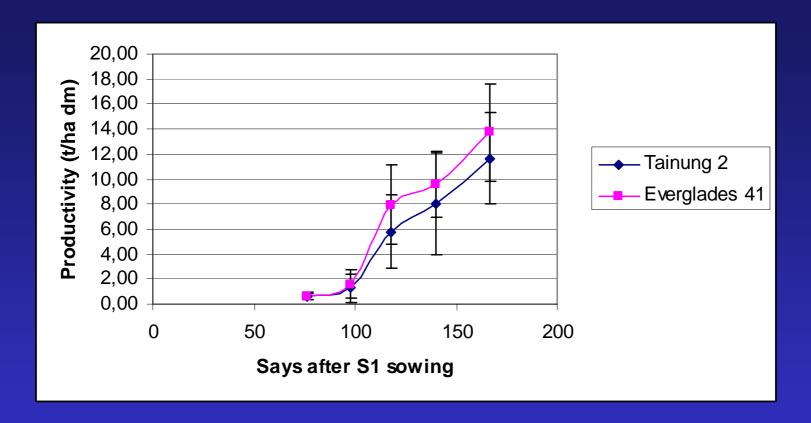
Everglades 41 >>> Tainung 2



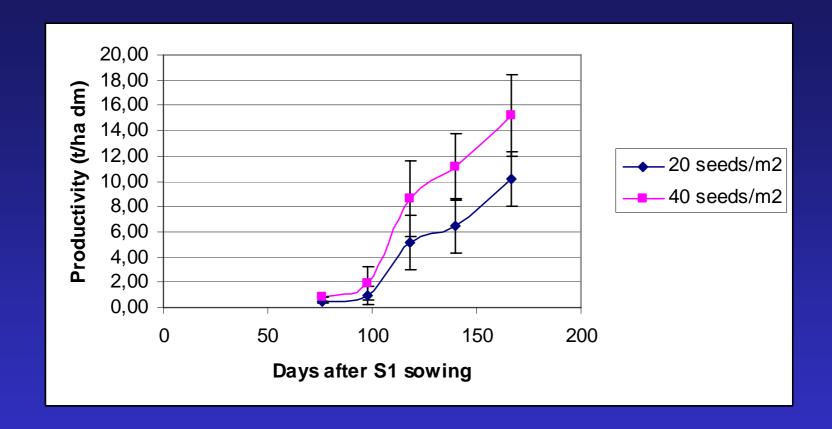




S1 higher than S2 but differences are not significant



Everglades 41 presents higher productivities than Taining 2 but differences are not significant



Fields with higher sowing density presents higher productivities, but differences are not significant

Task 2.3

- Effect of irrigation and nitrogen fertilization on biomass yields

4 irrigation levels

____X

3 nitrogen fertilization x 3 replicates

I₁: 0% PET

I₂: 25% PET

I₃: 50% PET

I₄: 100% PET

N₁: 0 kg N/ha

N₂: 75 kg N/ha

N₃: 150 kg N/ha

Variety: Tainung 2 Sowing: 25/5/2005

20 plants/m²

At early stages of growth, all the fields were fully irrigated in order to compensate the water deficit of the soil

40 days after sowing, 04/07/2005, irrigation was differentiated

Each field: 8 x 5 m²

120 kg K₂O/ha

60 kg P₂O₅/ha

Growth stages

Emergence 50%	9 ± 2 days after sowing
Total emergence of seeds	81 ± 8 %
Half-bloom > 50%	07/10/2005, 135 ± 4 days after sowing
Physiological maturity > 50%	It was not achieved yet (at 16 November, 175 days after sowing)

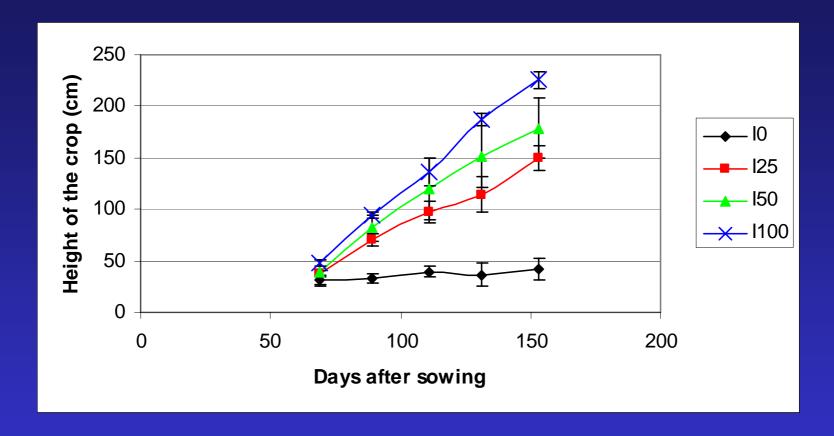
Block II, 0% PET

Block II, 100% PET



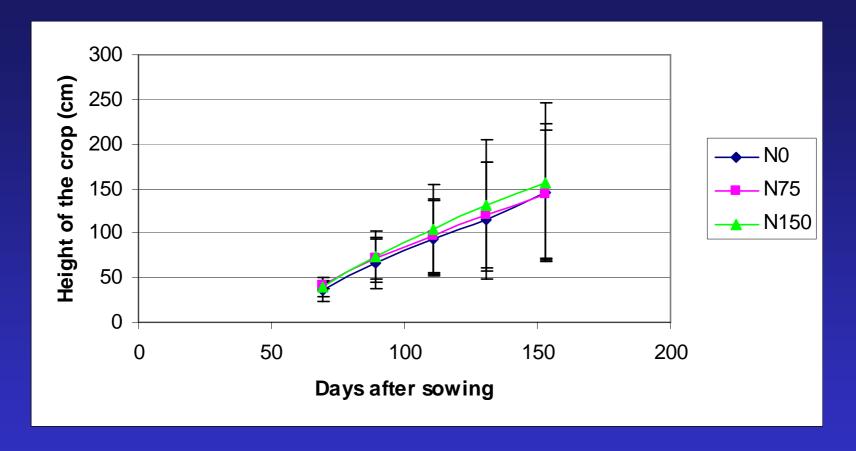
Plants with 86 days after sowing (19th August 2005)

Height of the crop



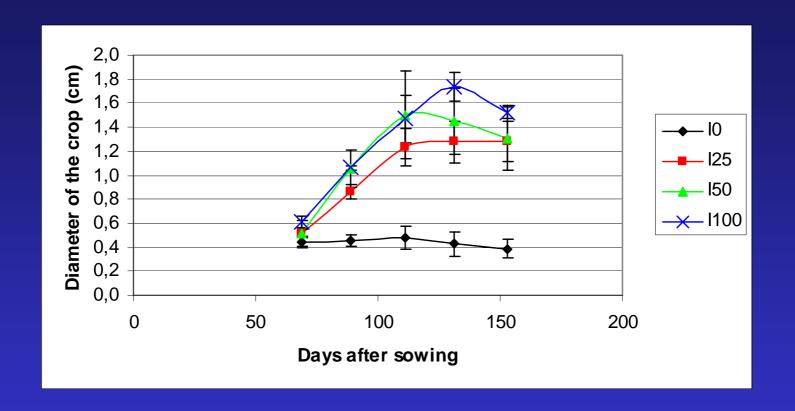
Significant differences among irrigation levels, I0 is much lower

Height of the crop



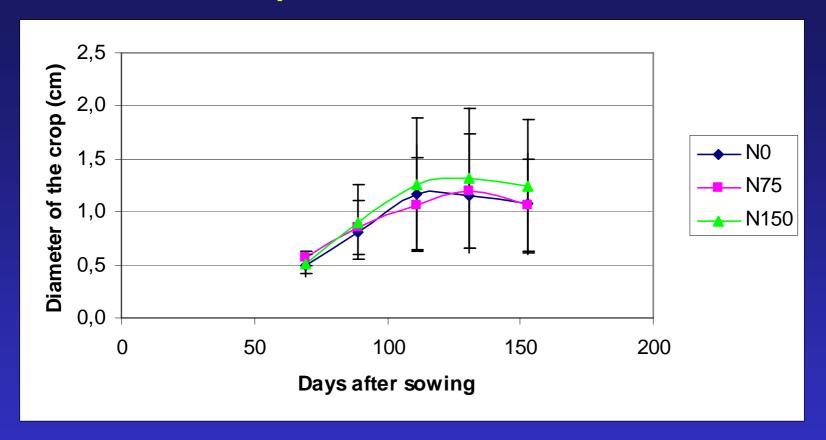
No differences among Nfertilization levels

Diameter of the crop



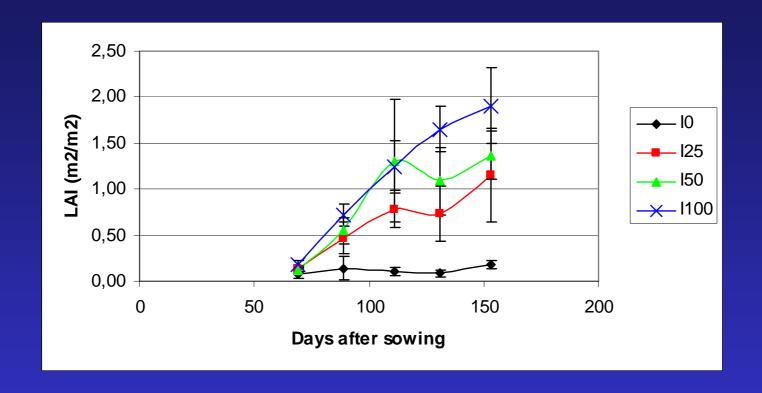
Significant differences among irrigation levels, I0 is much lower

Diameter of the crop



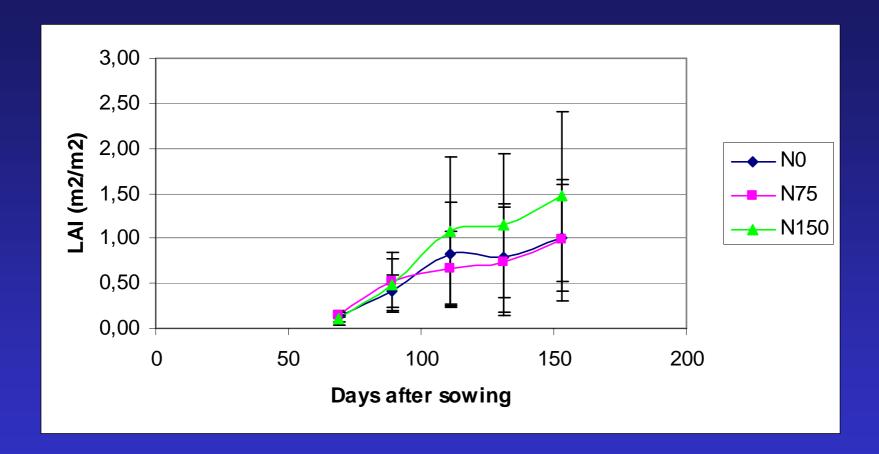
No differences among Nfertilization levels

LAI



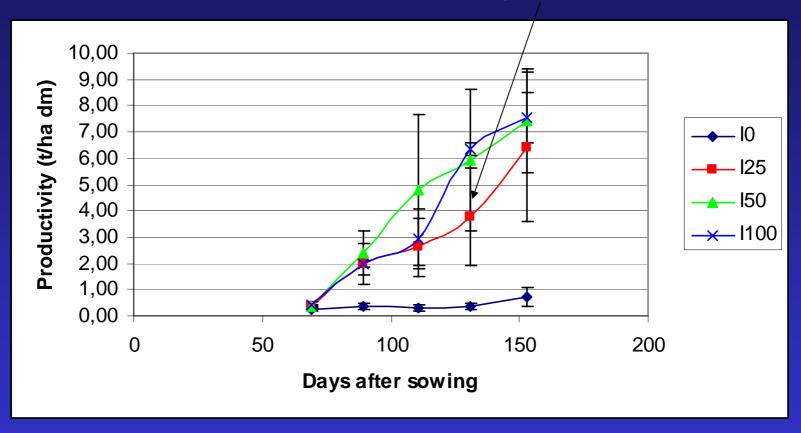
Significant differences among irrigation levels, I0 is much lower

LAI

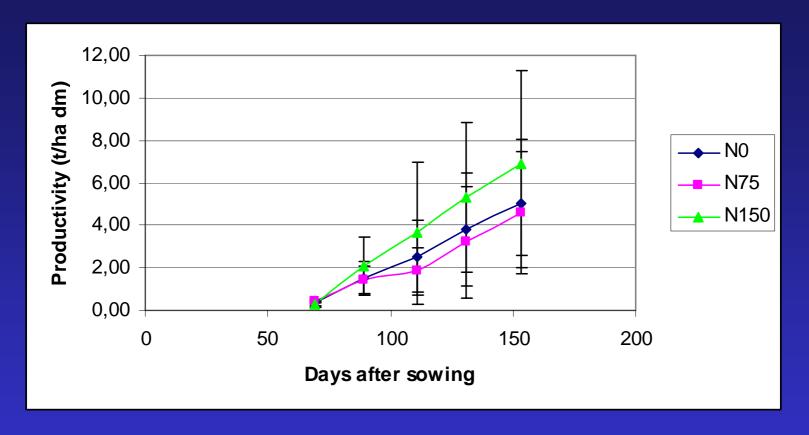


No differences among N-fertilization levels, althought N150 presents higher LAI

After rainfall (4th October



Significant differences among irrigation levels, I0 is much lower



No differences among N-fertilization levels, althought N150 presents higher results