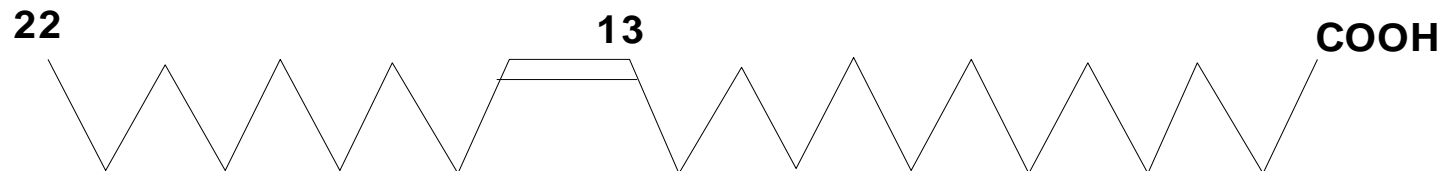




# Crambe and erucic rape : interest and competition

André Merrien

CETIOM - France





# Mains uses for C22:1

- Source for behenic acid uses
- Soaps / foams
- Detergents
- Cosmetic ( lip stick, cream, shampoos...)
- Erucamides for plastic industry : a slip agent for polyethylene and polypropylene films
- Lubricants for petrol industry (pipeline, extraction,..)
- Printers (ink ...)





cream, shampoos



a slip agent for polyethylene  
and polypropylene films

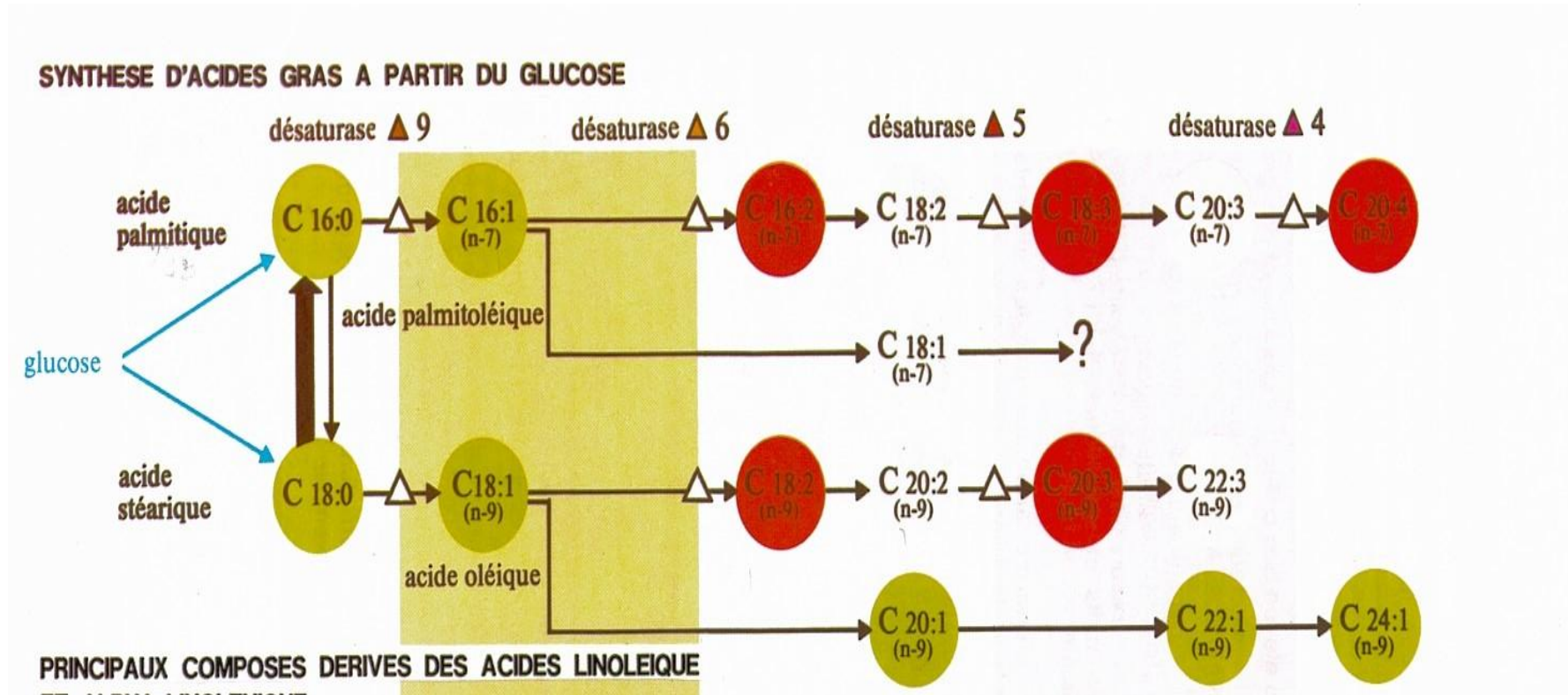
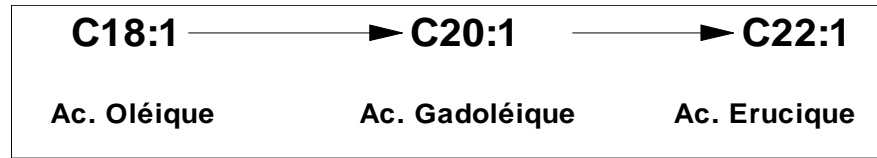


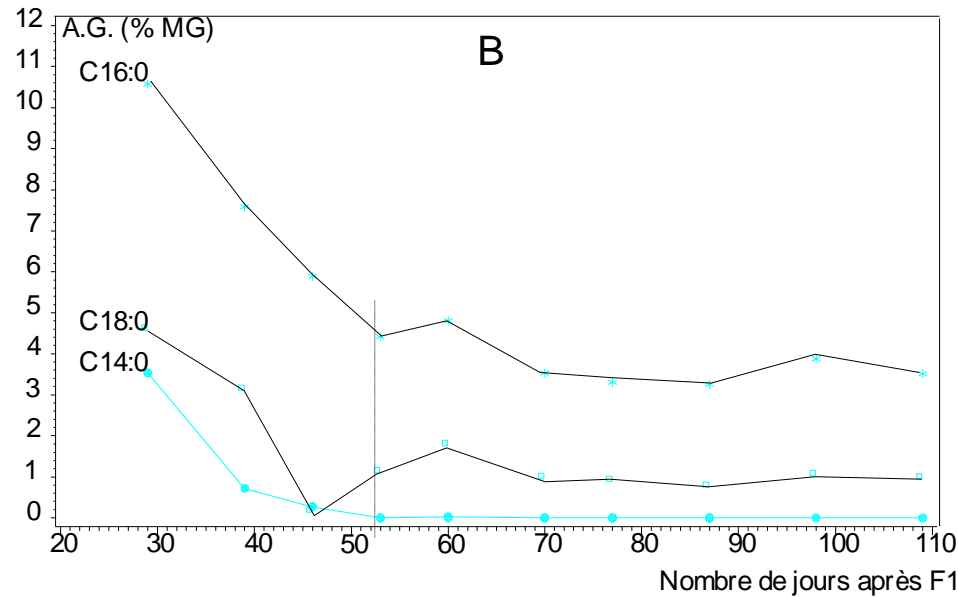
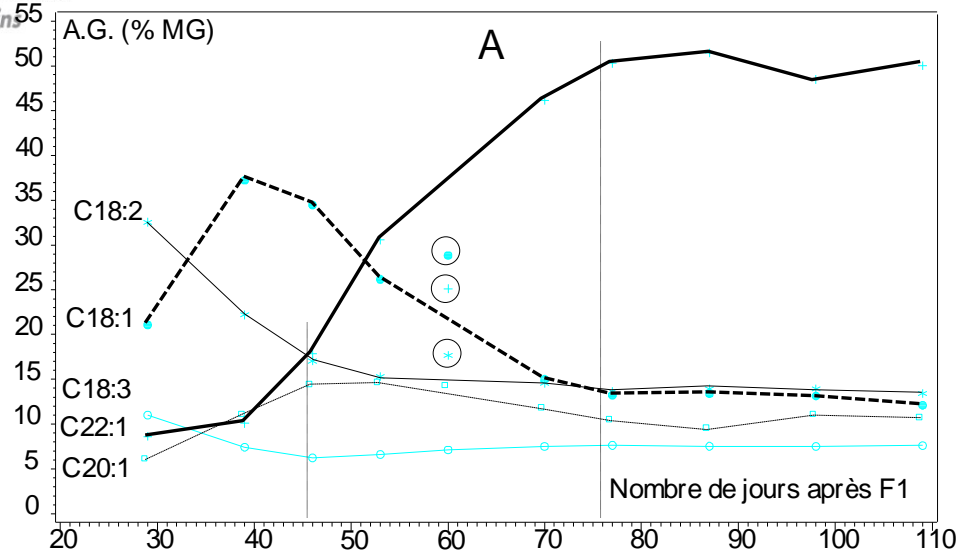


# Biological pathway

- From  $C18:1 \rightarrow C20:1 \rightarrow C22:1$
- The enzyme involved is a specific one for the double link molecule and with a max of 18 C atoms.
- Only 2 positions (1 and 3) on the glycerol are available for erucic acid  $\rightarrow$  In theory : 66.6%







**C18:1 = Ac. oléique**

**C18:2 = Ac. linoléique**

**C18:3 = Ac. linolénique**

**C20:1 = Ac. gadoléique**

**C22:1 = Ac. érucique**

**C14:0 = Ac. myristique**

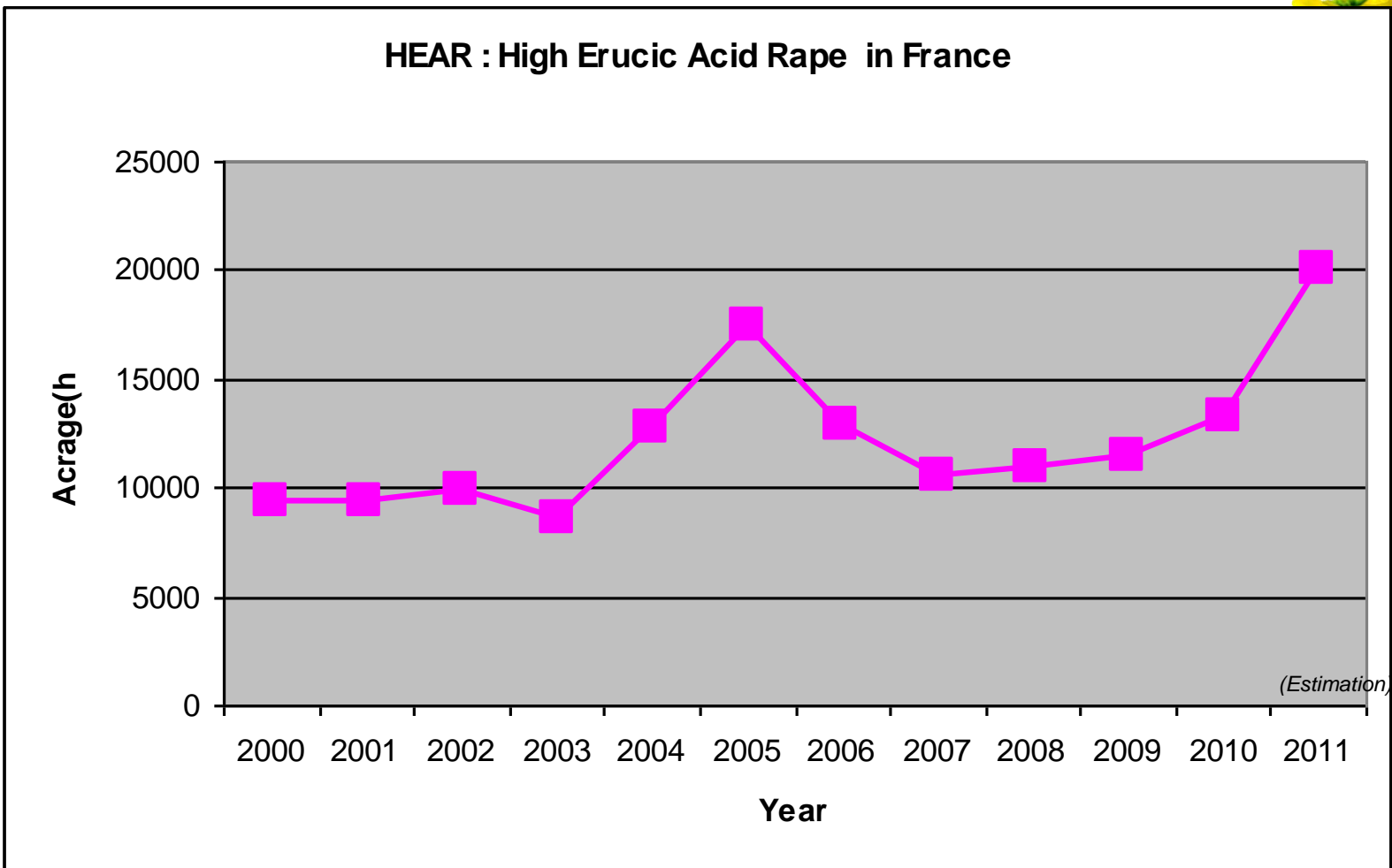
**C16:0 = Ac. palmitique**

**C18:0 = Ac. stéarique**



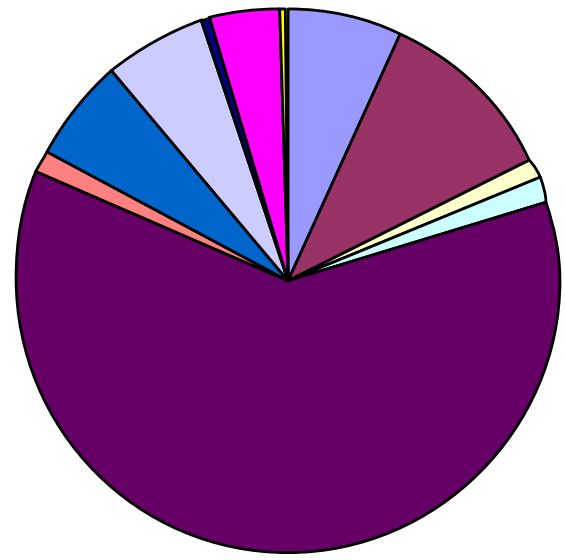
## HEAR in Europ ( Ienica)

	Acreage (ha)	Yield (t/ha)
<b>Uk</b>	5 000 (?)	-
<b>France</b>	14 000	2 †
<b>Germany</b>	20 000	2.1 †
<b>Italy</b>	1 000	1.7 †
<b>Total</b>	40 000 ha	





### Locations



- |           |          |                |                 |
|-----------|----------|----------------|-----------------|
| Bretagne  | Centre   | Champ Ardennes | Franche Conté   |
| Normandie | IDF      | Lorraine       | Nord Pde Calais |
| PdILoire  | Picardie | P Charentes    |                 |





## Average fatty acid profil for HEAR grown in France ( data from 18 locations).

% of total FA	Palm. C 16:0	Oléic. C 18:1	Linol. C 18:2	Linoln C 18:3 Alpha	Gadol C 20:1	Eruc. C 22:1
<b>Average</b>	<b>2,7</b>	<b>14,4</b>	<b>12,4</b>	<b>8,1</b>	<b>8,2</b>	<b>50,1</b>
<i>STd</i>	<i>0,2</i>	<i>1,3</i>	<i>1,1</i>	<i>0,6</i>	<i>0,5</i>	<i>1,5</i>

Oil : 44 %    GSL : 15.1





Résultats des variétés éruciques et témoins classiques						
	Rendement graines (indice moyen / moyenne et écart-type)		Teneur en huile aux normes (%)	Teneur en glucosinolates (µmol/g)	Teneur en protéines (%)	Teneur en acide érucique (%)
Variété	9 essais		8	7	7	5
AVISO	<b>104,3</b>	6,3	42,8	13,9	21,6	-
EXAGONE	<b>119,1</b>	15,0	43,6	16,1	21,2	-
GRIZZLY	<b>97,6</b>	7,0	42,3	18,2	21,1	-
HEAVEN	<b>97,9</b>	11,9	44,4	12,5	20,9	50.6 ± 4.2
MARCANT	<b>90,3</b>	9,3	44,7	16,1	21,0	47.9 ± 3.9
ZERUCA	<b>91,3</b>	10,5	44,9	14,0	21,5	43.8 ± 5
<b>Moyenne</b>	<b>32,2</b>		<b>43,8</b>	<b>15,1</b>	<b>21,2</b>	<b>47,4</b>

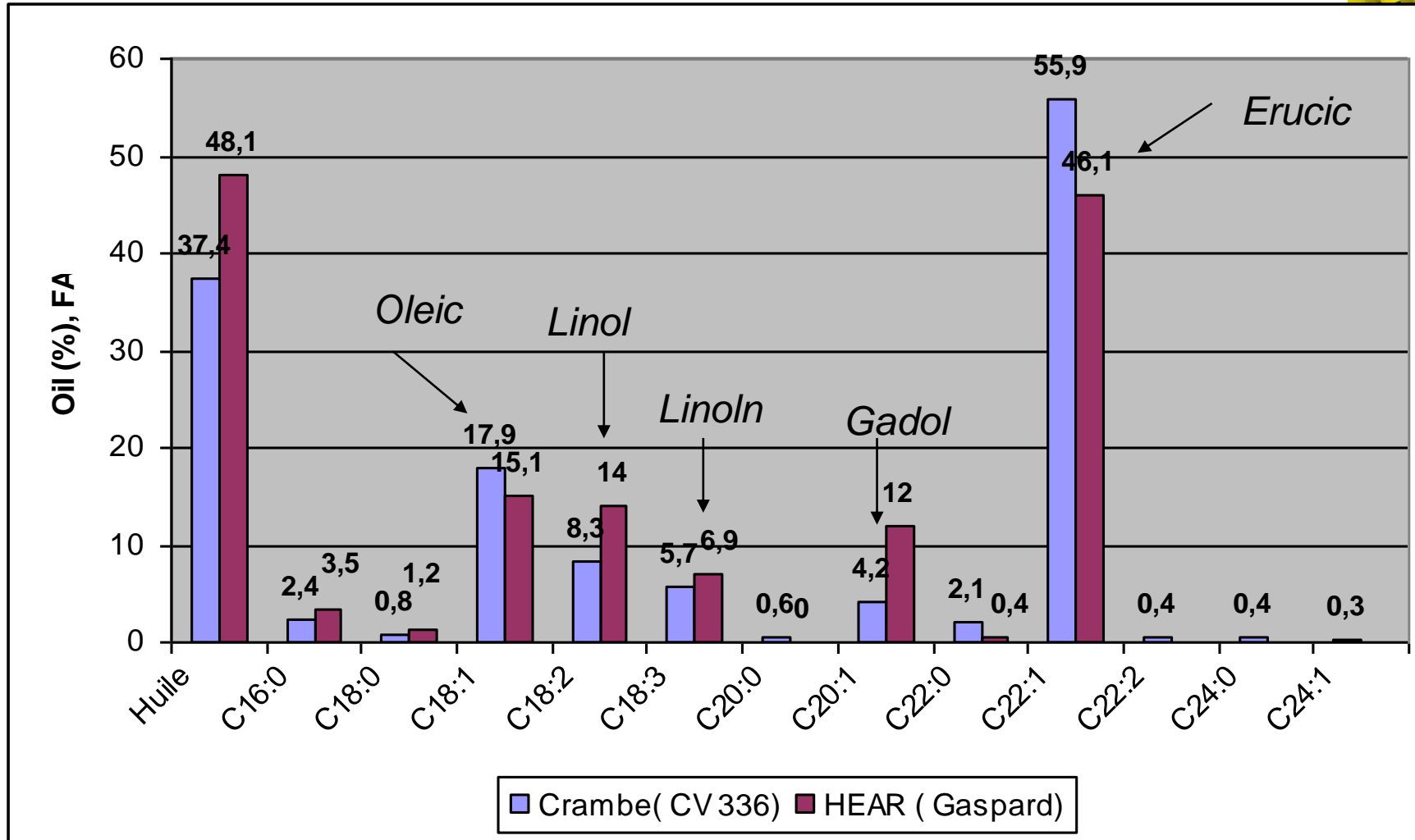


Common name: Crambe d'Abyssinie - Family: Brassicaceae





# FA profiles : HEAR/Crambe





# Fatty acid profiles

Authors	CRAMBE (Abyssinian mustard) Last uptades : October 2005 [3]	AgGrow Oils LLC INFORM, Vol. 10, no.9 (september 1999) [13]	Donald L. Van Dyne, Melvin G.Blase, Kenneth D. Carlson, [6]	[19] Appelqvist and ohlson, 1972; Kramer et al., 1983; Princen and Rothfus, 1984.	[20] CETIOM, Oléoscope n°29- Septembre- Octobre 1995
Palmitic C16:0	1.8% of total		2		2.38-3.69
Stearic C18:0	0.7%				0.89-1.12
Oleic C18:1	17.2 %	16	15	17	17.88-22.21
Linoleic C18:2	8.7%	8	10	9	8.37-10.44
Linolenic C18:2	5.2%	5	7	6	6.05-6.78
Eicosanoic C20:1	3.4%		3	5	3.77-4.75
Behenic C22:0			2		1.71-2.16
Erucic C22:1	56.2% (58-66)	> 55	50-60	55	49.06-57.41
Brassicidic C22:1	0.7%				
Tetracosanoic C24:0	0.7%				
Nervinic C24:1	1.6%				
Others:	2.5%				

## Some agronomics characters (1)

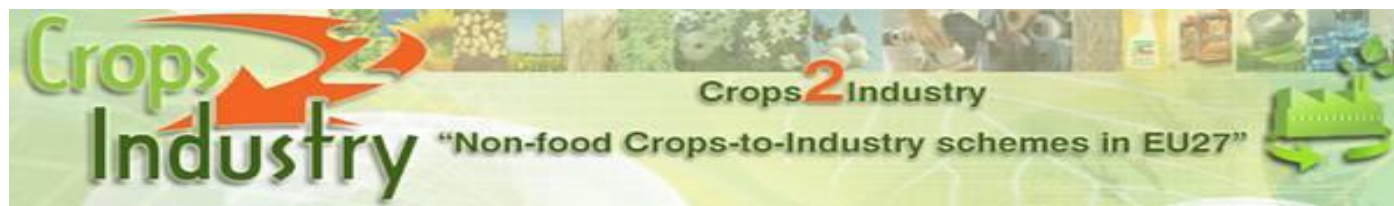


	Crambe	HEAR
Sowing	Spring	Winter (1/09)
Plant density (/m <sup>2</sup> )	70 - 80	35-45
Row space	12 -15 cm	17 - 45 cm
Seed weight/ha	15 - 20 kg/ha	3 kg/ha
Full Nitrogen requirements	60 kg of N/ha (6 u/q)	190kg of N/ha ( 6.5 u/q)
Lodging	Tolerant Max size : 85 cm	Risk ( ?) Max size : 150 cm
Diseases risks	Alternaria Sclerotinia	Phoma L. Sclerotinia
Harvest	- Heterogeneity in maturity of the pods - Direct combine	- Direct combine
Shattering pod	shattering losses.	No shattering with the actual cv

## Some agronomics characters (2)



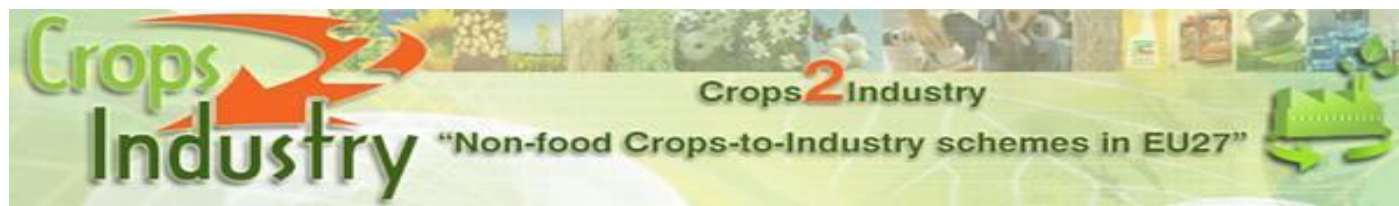
	Crambe	HEAR
Cycle	100 days	310 days
Flowering time	10/6 → 1/07	01/04 → 20/04
Germination	Low rate ( due to the pod wall) ( 50%)	90%
Seed set	Sensitivity of the pollen to high temp. ( >30°c)	nc
Insects	Pollen beetle (Meligethes)	All the insects found on WOSR



Mains characteristics for the 2 crops at harvest  
( Average data from CETIOM trials)



	Crambe	HEAR
Yield ( t/ha)	1 - 1.2	2.8 - 3.2
Harvest index	0.45	0.40
Oil (% on dry seeds)	35 - 38	46 - 49
Yield oil (kg/ha)	400	1440
Proteins (% on meal)	26 - 28	19 - 22
1000-seed weight	5 - 8 g	3 - 5 g
Glucosinolates (umoles/g of seeds)	50 - 55	14 - 16
Erucic Acid (C22:1)	53 - 56	48 - 51





## Mains limiting factors in France for HEAR

- Only 2-3 varieties are available ( Palmedor, Zeruca ..)
- GSL content .. but improve for the new varieties
- Sensitive to black leg (Phoma L.).
- Volunteers from "00" crops needs to be controlled
- Crops located in « protected » area
- Isolation from "00" fields ( ...but 100 m is enough..)
- Yields are still to be improve
- Max. threshold for C22:1 in the oil : 66.6 %
- C22:1 concentrations is affected by low temp.





## Mains limiting factors for Crambe

- Low genetic variability
- Very low investments in research program
- Some Industrial production are identified in USA
- Seed germination (due to the pod wall) → interest for de-hulling ?
- Weed control in early stage ? ( trifluralin was usufull...)
- High GLS content in the meal
- Poor oil yield compare with HEAR

