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Legal framework

ERIC entity main characteristics:

- It is structured as a legal tool for high-level RI of a European and international dimension.
- It is an entity with its own legal personality and full legal capacity, recognised by all of the Member States of the EU. An ERIC is also an international organisation for the purposes of Article 15, letter c), of Directive 2004/18/CE.
- Its members may come form:
 - o the Member States of the EU;
 - o associated countries,
 - o third party countries
 - intergovernmental organisations.



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EU-SOLARIS infrastructure

Legal framework

ERIC main advantages are:

- It is a tailor-made legal form for ESFRI projects;
- It has its own legal personality and is a figure recognised in all of the Member States of the EU. In the third party countries that also wish to form part of ERIC, no further recognition action being required.
- It is a figure with Community and institutional backing and support, insofar as its members are States and international organisations;
- In turn, the direct participation of States in an ERIC redounds to the benefit
 of its better financing, given the institutional backing and the greater
 credibility and reliability that they offer vis-à-vis third party financial backers.



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EU-SOLARIS infrastructure

Facilities and technical services

- EU-SOLARIS infrastructure technical services portfolio includes a list of about 170 available services as result of an iterative process of identification and definition among EU- SOLARIS participated organizations
- The available services have been classified in a total of 16 types of services covering the different key subsystems of STE, the other applications of CST technology and the associated horizontal activities.
- The largest amount of available services are related to the testing and qualification of reflectors, concentrator, absorbers and receivers



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